

Poster presentation

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Silencing of viral RNAs by small double-stranded siDNA

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Background

We are developing an alternative approach to siRNA, which may be designated as siDNA, small interfering DNA, by using hairpin-loop-structured DNA oligodeoxynucleotides (ODN), targeted to viral or cellular mRNAs. ODNs activate the viral RNase H in retroviral particles and cellular RNases H inside the cell. Also Ago2 may play a role. Other inhibitory mechanisms such as translational arrest may contribute.

We selected ODNs against various viral and mRNAs of HIV [1-3], HSV [4], Influenza [5], HCV, HBV, and telomerase RNA in malignant melanoma cells in mice [6]. The ODNs were applied with or without carriers. Furthermore their effects were directly compared to those of single-stranded antisense DNAs and siRNAs to allow comparison of the various efficiencies. The ODNs were most effective in HIV. We are able to induce HIV suicide [7], inactivate HIV virus particles to prevent infections, inactivate cell-free HIV in the blood from infected individuals [8], in the vagina of mice [9], and increase survival time of retroviral-infected mice [10]. Also influenza virus replication was reduced in the lungs of a mouse model. Furthermore we could reduce malignant melanoma-formation targeting the telomerase. The effects are sequence- and dose-dependent, but the optimal algorithm is not yet known. We are analyzing whether there is a preference for G tracts, which may form higher-ordered structures. The dsODNs are often superior to single-stranded antisense DNA and resemble the effects of siRNAs [11] but with different kinetics. The method may complement existing silencing approaches.

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